- (C) The first day of the sixth month before the month in which the application is filed.
- (ii) Widow(er) over age 62 but under age 65. The earliest date permitted by law is the latest of—
- (A) The first day of the month in which the employee dies;
- (B) The first day of the month in which the claimant attains age 62 and one month; or
- (C) The first day of the month in which the application is filed.
- (3) *Disability annuity.* The earliest date permitted by law is the latest of—
- (i) The first day of the month in which the employee dies;
- (ii) The first day of the month in which the claimant attains age 50;
- (iii) The first day of the twelfth month before the month in which the application is filed; or
- (iv) The first day of the sixth month after the month of disability onset.
- (4) "Child in care" annuity. The earliest date permitted by law is the latest
- (i) The first day of the month in which the employee dies;
- (ii) The first day of the month in which the claimant becomes eligible for a widow(er) annuity based on having a "child in care" as explained in part 216 of this chapter; or
- (iii) The first day of the sixth month before the month in which the application is filed.

§218.14 When a child annuity begins.

- (a) A child annuity begins on the later of either the date chosen by the applicant or the earliest date permitted by law.
- (b) Earliest date permitted by law—(1) General rules. The earliest date permitted by law is the later of—
- (i) The first day of the month in which the employee dies; or
- (ii) The first day of the month in which the claimant becomes eligible for a child annuity as explained in part 216 of this chapter.
- (2) Child age annuity. The earliest date permitted by law is the later of—
- (i) The month shown in paragraph (b)(1) of this section; or
- (ii) The first day of the sixth month before the month in which the application is filed.

- (3) Child annuity based on full-time school attendance. The earliest date permitted by law is the latest of—
- (i) The month shown in paragraph (b)(1) of this section;
- (ii) The first day of the sixth month before the month in which the application is filed:
- (iii) The first day of the month in which the claimant is in full-time school attendance at an elementary or secondary educational institution; or
- (iv) The first day of the month in which the claimant attains age 18.
- (4) Child disability annuity. The earliest date permitted by law is the latest of—
- (i) The month shown in paragraph (b)(1) of this section;
- (ii) The first day of the sixth month before the month in which the application is filed;
- (iii) The first day of the month in which the claimant meets the definition of disability as explained in part 220: or
- (iv) The first day of the month in which the claimant attains age 18.

§218.15 When a parent annuity begins.

- A parent annuity begins on the later of either the date chosen by the applicant or the earliest date permitted by law. The earliest date permitted by law is the latest of—
- (a) The first day of the month in which the employee dies;
- (b) The first day of the month in which the claimant attains age 60; or
- (c) The first day of the sixth month before the month in which the application is filed.

§218.16 When a surviving divorced spouse annuity begins.

- (a) A surviving divorced spouse annuity begins on the later of either the date chosen by the applicant or the earliest date permitted by law.
- (b) Earliest date permitted by law—(1) General rules. The earliest date permitted by law is the later of—
- (i) The first day of the month in which the employee dies; or
- (ii) The first day of the month in which the claimant becomes eligible for a surviving divorced spouse annuity as shown in part 216 of this chapter.